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TIME CARD. Depart... *3:55 am 6:45 am 10:50 am *3:10 p m Arrive... 10:35 am *10:24 pm 11:45 am. 4:55 pm *10:50 pm cincinnati division—sunday trains. . 3:55 am 3:10 p m. 5:00 p m .11:45 am 12:10 p m. 10:50 p m Depart.....7:10 a m *12:05 no'n 5:15 p m *11:10 p m Arrive.....*3:30 a m 10:35 a m *2:45 p m 6:10 p m CLEVELAND DIVISION.

Depart for N. Y. and Boston... *3:20 a m. *3:40 p m

Clevel'd and the East 7:30 a m *8:00 p m

Ft. Way'e and Dayton 11:55 a m. *3:40 p m

G'd Rapids and No'th 4:00 a m. 5:46 p m

Arrivefrom N. Y. and Boston... *11:35 a m. *10:46 p m

Clevel'd and the East *6:55 a m. 5:15 p m Depart for St. Louis and Kan. Cy.*11:55 a m. *11:10 p m

"T. Haute and Mattoon *7:25 a m. 5:30 p m

Arrive from St. Louis and K. Cy. *3:10 a m. *3:05 p m

"T. H'te and Mattoon 10:00 a m. *6:25 p m

Daily.

J. H. MARTIN. D. P. A.

MISS LE CARON'S LETTERS.

They Were Never Received by the Alleged Recipient-The Story Denounced.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19 .- The morning papers all denounced yesterday's sensational story about Le Caron's daughter having furnished evidence that Dr. Cronin was murdered by emissaries of the British government, as a plot of the so-called "Triangle." One paper prints an interview with George E. May, who is supposed to have been Miss Le Caron's correspondent. He says: "I have turned over no letters to Mr. Forrest or any living soul. If I have received any letters from Miss Le Caron or any one else referring to the Cronin case or any one connected with it, in the remotest way, you may cut off every finger on my right hand." "But did you not take a buggy ride with

Mike Coughlin? Is not there that much foundation for this story at least?" "In answer to that question, I want to say that I don't associate with such men. I am an American, not a Clan-na-Gael. So far as I am concerned-and in speaking for myself I speak for the May family-the whole Clan-na-Gael society ought to be at the bottom of Lake Michigan. I don't want anything to do with it, and it can't

make use of me.' Another paper has an interview with Judge Longenecker, in which he says: "Why, the story is not any good, supposing it were true. The letters are utterly inadmissable as evidence; and then if they were, does that explain away the guilt of the defendants? If Coughlin secured the white horse to drive the Doctor to his death, how does this story release him? Could Burke, who hired the Carlson cottage, escape? It is a preposterous story and utterly useless as a defense."

Motion to Discharge Woodruff. CHICAGO, Sept. 19 .- The Cronin jury quest was resumed this morning. It was understood that Mr. Brown, attorney for Frank Woodruff, who is to have a separate trial, would move for the discharge of his client to-day, on the ground that the statutory time within which he is entitled to a hearing had passed. The State's attorney said: "There is a motion here to discharge Woodruff, if your Honor please. I will state, at this time, that we also hold Woodruff for horse-stealing, and he has, on his own motion, continued that case until next term. In addition to that, he has made a motion for a separate trial. We were ready to try him this term, and, but for that, he would have been on trial now. In addition to that, there is an affidavit on file showing that on his motion the case was continued to the August term, and was then continued to this term by consent. On his own showing we have the whole of this term in which to try him, and under the Supreme Court decision we can continue it until the next term on showing good cause. We think there is sufficient cause, if it is necessary to show it." After some further talk the matter was set for hearing at 5 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

The examination of veniremen was then resumed. No further members of the panel had been accepted at the hour of adjourn-

FIVE CHILDREN CREMATED.

Three Lose Their Lives in a Burning Dwelling in California, and Two in Maryland.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 19 .- A frame dwelling in Pasadena, occupied by a widow, Mrs. Beacon, and her four children, was destroyed by fire last night. Three children, aged ten, eight and six, respectively, were burned to death.

OAKLAND, Md., Sept. 19.-Information has just reached here of the destruction by fire of the dwelling of Mrs. A. S. Senbower, and the burning to death of two of her children, Tuesday evening. Tuesday afternoon she went across the hill to the residence of her father, leaving her two children, aged three and six years, respectively, at home. A short time after she had gone Mr. Thomas, the owner of the house, discovered the fire, and when he reached the piace it was nearly destroyed. The children were burned with the dwelling, and no traces of them were found except their two charred skulls. Mrs. Senbower is a widow, and has four children in the Children's Homa at Deer

Fatal Fight with Pistols and Knives. VALLEY, Miss., Sept. 19.-News received

here last night gives an account of a terrible affray at Randolph, on the line of Calhoun and Pontotoc counties, last Monday night. Bob and Ike Carr, brothers, attacked Lon Connelly, shooting at him with small revolvers. Connelly was armed with a bowie-knife. Bob was killed and Ike fatally wounded. Connelly was only slightly wounded. He was arrested and placed in jail at Pontotoc. The origin of the trouble is unknown. the trouble is unknown.

Rode Across the Continent on Horseback. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 19.—E. H. Pratt and John Allen, who left New York city the 14th of last May on horseback, with the intention of crossing the continent, arrived here last night, having ridden horse-back the entire distance.

WHEN INDICATIONS. FRIDAY-Fair weather.

He (trying to start the conversation)—"I hear that another comet has just been discovered." She (a Boston girl)—"Oh, yes; and you can easily find it with a small telescope, such as everyone has nowadays. It is now about 5 hours 51 minutes right ascension, and about 15 degrees north declension, with a retrograde motion of nearly one minute per day in right ascension. Are you interested in astronomy? He (floundering around mentally)—"Um—er—yes; but I prefer base-ball. What do you think of the Boston team this year?"

The question is the Hoosier team, not the Boston team, and the confluence of two things will will never appear more beautiful than in seeing the home team play ball now. How well and quickly you will learn that you need

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You know that the place to get them is

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92 South Illinois street.

BURIED UNDER TONS OF ROCK

Between Twenty and Fifty People Killed by a Landslide at Quebec.

Thirteen Dead and Sixteen Injured Taken Out at 2 O'Clock This Morning, and Many Others Beneath the Ruins.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal: QUEBEC, Sept. 19 .- To-night a large portion of Cape Diamond, below the citadel. became detached and, sliding down, buried a number of houses beneath a mass of rock and dirt. A number of dead bodies have taken from the ruins, but total loss of life is not A number of persons. more or less injured, were quickly rescued. It will be hours before any comprehensive idea of the number of the dead can be arrived at, as some of the houses are under twenty-five feet of debris.

At the foot of the cliff is a narrow street, which occupies all of the space between the cape and the river. Along the river side of this street were situated the houses which were crushed by the terrible avalanche of rock. In May, 1841, a similar landslide occurred, which destroyed several buildings and killed thirty-two people. From present indications it is feared the loss of life by tonight's land-slide will be equally as great. 1852 another slide caused the death of several persons about half a mile from the scene of the recent disaster. The street is entirely filled by the wreckage, and a large force of men is at work clearing it away. Several families are known to have been entombed, and it is feared

that all are dead. Late estimates place the number killed outright between twenty-five and thirty. Up to 11:30 six bodies have been taken from the ruins-Thomas Farrell and two of his children; also, two children named Burke, and one unknown child. Farrell's mother-in-law, Mrs. Allen, and her husband are still in the ruins. About twentyfive persons have been removed from the debris very badly injured. Some have broken arms and legs, others badly crushed and mutilated. It is now estimated that at least fifty persons are yet under the ruins. The fire brigade and police force are on the ground rendering valuable assistance. All the injured were removed to the marine and fisheries departments, where medical men and clergymen looked

after them. The debris covers the road in a solid mass for over 600 feet in length and from fifteen to twenty-five in height. It is impossible to say at present how many are dead and wounded. Every one is working heroically and under difficulties, as the night is intensely dark and the electric lights were rendered useless by the landslide. Cries of "help," "help," are heard from beneath the debris, but none can be given.

LATER.—At 1 A. M. very little progress is being made in recovering bodies owing to the stupendous mass of rock covering the ruins. The body of a woman named Mrs. Berrigan has just been pulled out of the debris. Tons of rocks are falling, and it is feared the whole bowlder forming the highest point of Quebec will give way.
At 2 o'clock this morning thirteen dead and sixteen badly injured had been taken out. It will take several days to recover all. The damage will exceed \$100,000. Officers of the royal school with a large force of cavalry are coming to aid in rescuing the injured Six hundred men are now at work. The blood and dust make make a sickening

Postmaster Paul's Queer Actions. CHICAGO, Sept. 19 .- Postoffice Inspector George Fleming arrived from Milwaukee this morning, very much incensed by the conduct of Postmaster Paul, in the case against J. R. Nuzune, the letter-carrier arrested for appropriating mail. Said Fleming: That carrier was stationed at a substation, but went on a spree, during which he failed to report for work, but stopped at a cheap lodging-house near the main postoffice. For one week he went through the down-town districts collecting mail. No one reported him and the sub-station superintendent of delivery did not deem the man's disappearance from his work worthy of report. When Nuzune was arrested he had 150 pieces of mail matter on his person.
These Postmaster Faul ordered delivered,
so that when I reached Milwaukee the
United States had very little evidence against the carrier. I expostulated with Mr. Paul for doing as he did. 'Why,' said he, 'the first point of law is to show intent. This carrier had no intention of robbing the mails.' The United States attorney, how-ever, proved otherwise, and Nuzune was held to the grand jury."

Officers of the Obstetricians' Association. CINCINNATI, Sept. 19 .- The meeting of the American Association of Obstetricians and Gynecologists adjourned this afternoon to meet in Philadelphia one year hence. The following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: E. E. Montgomery, of Philadelphia, president; W. H. Meyers, of Fort Wayne, Ind., and R. L. Bonta, of Buffalo, vice-presidents; W. W. Potter, of Buffalo, secretary; X. O. Werder, of Pitts-

burg, Pa., treasurer. Bruisers Fight for \$500.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Sept. 19.-Arthur O. Up man, heavy weight champion of Connecti-cut, and Frank Bosworth, of New Jersey, fought for \$500 a side, Marquis of Queens-bury rules, last night. The fight took place just over the Cambria county line and was attended by about two hundred persons. In the tenth round Bosworth was knocked out by Upman.

THE prompt use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will invariably cure all affections of the kidneys.

REFUSED TO LET THEM SPEAK

English Liberals Attempt to Hold a Meeting in Ireland, but Are Prevented.

Action of the Authorities Causes Intense Indignation, and Almost Precipitates a Riot Between Orangemen and Catholics.

Riot on a Guano Island in Which Americans Are Said to Have Been Killed.

Mr. Huntington Denies the Rumor About His Daughter's Betrothal-Spain to Send a Fleet of War Ships to Morocco.

FREE SPEECH DENIED.

English Liberals Barred from Holding s Meeting in Ireland-A Divided Town. LONDON, Sept. 19 .- The little town of Dungarnon, County Tyrone, Ireland, is tonight in a frenzy of excitement, and every man, woman and child in the place is ranged on one side or the other of a heated political controversy, in which, too, nearly the whole surrounding country seems disposed to take a hand. Nearly a week ago a number of English Liberals, who are traveling through Ireland with the view of discussing the home-rule question on the native soil, engaged themselves to hold in Dungannon a public meeting in the interests of home rule, the date of which was fixed for to-night. For nearly a whole week the fact that such a meeting was to be held was well known to everybody in County Tyrone, and not a single word of objection came from the police authorities.
To-night, however, Market square, where
the meeting was to have been held, is filled
with armed police, and placards are posted
proclaiming the meeting.

This action of the authorities excited the most intense indignation among those in sympathy with the objects of the meeting, and a deputation of the Englishmen who were chiefly instrumental in organizing it called upon the magistrate this evening to protest against this attack upon the rights of free speeh. They were told that the meeting had been proclaimed because it seemed certain that if it were permitted bloodshed would result, as the Orangemen proposed to organize a counter-meeting only a stone's throw distant in case the Home-rulers assembled

Dungannon to-night is divided into two hostile camps, the Catholics and the Orangemen taking every opportunity to hurl defiance at one another. Up to this time no more serious consequences are reported than a few broken heads, the results of isolated disturbances, but as feeling runs high and the police are nearly all concentrated on the scene of the contemplated meeting news from Dungannon is awaited with considerable anxiety.

AMERICANS KILLED.

Riot on an Island in the Caribbean Sea Owned

by a United States Company. WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 .- A cable dispatch has been received at the Department of State from Consul Allen, at Kingston, Jamaica, saying that a riot occurred at Vavassa, an island in the Caribbean sea, in which a number of Americans were killed. The Consul says that, at his request, a British war ship had left Jamaica for the scene immediately upon receipt of the news of the trouble. The dispatch contained no further information.

It is learned at the Navy Department that the United States ship Galena is now on her way to Navassa, and will probably arrive there to-morrow. She was at St. Nicholas Mole, Hayti, when news of the riot was received at Washington, and was at once ordered to Navassa. This island is under no particular jurisdiction, but is regarded as under the protection of the United States. It is said to be owned by an American com-pany, of which Gen. Ben Butler is a memand is known as a guano island.

ber. It is about 250 miles from Kingston A Baltimore dispatch says: "The Navassa Guano Company, of New York, has owned the island since 1854. The receivers of the company in Baltimore say that they did hear by an incoming ship of some little trouble, but only yesterday had a cablegram by way of London in which no mention is made of trouble. The company has em-ployed on the island 150 men sent from Baltimore-colored laborers and white officers -and the only harm the report can do is to unnecessarily alarm the families of these men, General Butler has no connection with the company.

THE MATCH NOT BROKEN OFF. Mr. Huntington Denies the Rumors About

His Daughter and Prince Hatzfeldt. NEW YORK, Sept. 19 .- A Paris dispatch to the Herald says: C. P. Huntington, the American railway magnate, returned to Paris to-day from a business visit to Germany. He seemed to be in the best possi-

ble health and spirits when a correspondent called on him at the Hotel Bristol. Referring to the rumors of his adopted daughter's engagement to Prince Hatzfeldt, he said: "The New York newspapers are having an immense amount of trouble trying to settle whether my daughter is or is not engaged to Prince Hatzfeldt. One might imagine that it was something unusual for an American girl to get married. It is easy to see that the journalistic season is dull, but of all absurd things I have seen printed the most absurd is the sensational account of the manner in which I am supposed to have broken off this match. The story is elaborated with a regard to detail which does great credit to the writer's imagination. Once for all I should like to state that I have not broken off any match between my daughter and Prince Hatzfeldt for the good and sufficient reason that no such match ever existed. The young gentleman has been lavish enough with his attentions, nor is there much reason to doubt the character of his intentions, but it takes two people to make a bargain, sometimes three, and neither my daughter nor myself have made up our minds what to think of this Teuton. You may therefore deny absolutely all the silly stories I have referred to. No match has been made, and consequently none has been broken off. I have not refused to pay the Prince's debts, because I know nothing about his debts, and have no reason to do so. Whether there may one of these days be a closer re-lationship between the Prince, my daughter, and myself, will depend on various things, but for the present, neither he, nor

she, nor I, nor any one else, except, of course, sensational scribblers for certain New York dailies, can say anything definite on the subject," Mr. Huntington went on to talk on various other subjects. He contrasted American railways with those of Europe to the great disadvantage of the latter. He had no doubt that the United States could get up an international exhibition either in 1892 or any other time which would discount anything the world has ever seen. He is convinced that American engineers can, if they want to, build an Eiffel tower a mile high, which will last 1,000 years.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Spain Will Send a Fleet of Ships and 10,000 Troops to Support Its Demands on Morocco. Madrid, Sept. 19 .- To support its demand on the Sultan of Morocco for the release of | Cour d'Alene Indians Sell Valuable Lands

government has ordered a fleet of war ships to proceed at once to Tangier. Ten thou-sand troops have also been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to embark for Mo-rocco. It is still hoped, however, despite these preparations, that the prisoners will be released without the necessity of resort-

ing to extreme measures.

Advices from Tangiers say the Moors have issued a proclamation at Tetuan, warning the natives not to harm Christians on pain of death. It is believed that the Riffians will release the captured Spanish sailors on Saturday. It is reported that the captain was wounded with a revolver when captured.

Bits of Mexican News. CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 19 .- There is general emigration from the city of Leon, over 15,000 of its inhabitants having left within the last few months.

In the same city an electric bolt shivered the tower of the Angelus Church and rendered the church so dangerous that the authorities have ordered it closed.

A water-spout yesterday burst over Cerro Gordo, near Arandes, Jalisco, and caused several deaths. Live stock was swept away and houses destroyed. The exact number of deaths and the extent of the damage

done are not yet known.

France Fears Nobody. Pakis, Sept. 19 .- After the review of the troops by M. de Freycinet, Minister of War, at St. Michael, yesterday afternoon, Gen. Mirabel, commander of the Sixth Army Corps, made an address to the officers. He said that France, supported by the army, had been reinstated to her former rank among the nations. She feared nothing nor nobody. M. de Freycinet also delivered an address. He congratulated the troops upon their splendid appearances and discipline, and said that with such an army France was secure and could command

Irishmen Will Remain True to Their Object. DUBLIN, Sept. 19 .- At the meeting of the Dublin Corporation, to-day, Lord Mayor Sexton, referring to Balfour's offer to establish a Catholic university in Ireland, said that no matter what remedial measures were passed as a part of the policy of a coercion government, the Irish people would not swerve from their main object, namely, to obtain an Irish Parliament, and to secure the management of Ireland's revenues, and the administration of the laws by a judiciary responsible to the peo-

Quiet Restored at the London Docks. LONDON, Sept. 19.-The situation at the docks is more quiet this morning, and affairs are rapidly assuming their aspect. The attitude taken the Lord Mayor and Cardiwith reference the riotons demonstrations by some of the men has had an excellent effect upon the dock laborers who are accepting the position and working with the non-union men.

Dogs as Bearers of Dispatches. BERLIN, Sept. 19 .- In the manœuvres at Hanover dogs, chiefly spaniels, are being employed with great success as bearers of dispatches. To-day the troops engaged in the manœuvres experimented on an extensive scale with the new smokeless powder. The supply of this powder already stored is sufficient for the whole re-

Alleged Nihilists Arrested. St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.-The police, within the past few days, show an increased activity in different parts of Russia in their pursuit of suspected Nihilists. The students everywhere are objects of suspi-cion, and twenty attending the university at Kieff were arrested yesterday,

The King of Portugal is seriously ill. King Menelek, of Shoa, is making preparations to be crowned Emperor of Abys-

The freedom of the city of Dublin will be conferred to-morrow upon Lady Sandhurt and the Rt. Hon. James Stansfeldt. Grand Duke Constantine, uncle of the Czar, who suffered a stroke of paralysis two months ago, is dying. He is conscious, though unable to speak. The gold-beaters of Nurnberg, Augsberg

and Schwabah have formed a ring for the purpose of controlling prices, and the first fruits are already felt in a material ad-

Major Field, formerly secretary of the British American Mortgage Company, was sentenced yesterday to twelve months' im-prisonment at hard labor for forging the coupons of the company. At a meeting of M. Thiebaud's support-

porters, in the Circque Fernando, at Paris, yesterday, a tumult was caused by a series of fights with Boulangists, and the police were obliged to clear the circus. Thirty-two of the 259 Boulangist candidates nominated in France have withdrawn. Among them are two influential citizens. It is now too late to substitute

other candidates. The Servian government has decided to dismiss from his position in the diplomatic service M. Christich, whose wife so turned the head of King Milan that she induced him to abdicate after securing a divorce

from Queen Natalie. The Royal Opera-house at Buda-Pesth was set on fire by an incendiary, on Thursday night. This is the fourth attempt of the kind within three weeks, but thus far the damage resulting has been trifling. No

cause is assigned for the crime. Karl Blind, the well-known Socialist, has written a letter to the Riforma, of Rome, in which he declares that the maintenance of the triple alliance is absolutely necessary for the peace of Europe, and consti-tutes the real safeguard of Italian unity.

The board of naval officers recently appointed by the German Admiralty to in-quire into the subject of tactics, has made its report, and as a result it is announced that Germany is to substitute an entirely new system of naval tactics for that now in

SOVEREIGN LODGE I. O. O. F. Efforts to Change Memorial Day-Prize Drills, in Which Indiana Takes Part.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 19.-The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd-fellows devoted the day's session to discussing the changing of Memorial day for subordinate lodges, from October 20 to the second Friday in June. After a lengthy discussion the question was referred to a committee. A member from Kansas introduced another resolution reducing the year of eligibility from twentyone to eighteen, which will bring the question up in the Grand Lodge next year. The Grand Lodge, for the first time, recognized Patr'archs Militant, and complimented Grand Sire Underwood on the appearance of the members. Topeka is making an effort to secure the Grand Lodge next year. The price of veteran jewels was reduced from \$5 to \$4. It was decided to continue the investigation of Odd-fellow insurance associations.

The prize drills of the Patriarchs Militant took place at the State fair grounds to-day. The following cantons, each represented by twenty-four swords, participated in the contest: Canton Frank, No. 55, Germantown, O.; Canton Indianapolis, No. 2, Indianapolis; Canton Alpine, No. 22, Bowling Green, O.; Canton Logansport, No. 15, Logansport, Ind.; Canton Ottawa, No. 60, Port Clinton, O.; Canton Marion, No. 6, Marion, Ind.; Canton Wichita, No. 5, Wichita Kan The awards will be appropried ta. Kan. The awards will be announced

The Daughters of Rebekah completed their constitution and the organization will hereafter be known as the National Con-vention of the Daughters of Rebekah, I. O. graphed for.

the captain, four of the crew, and the passengers of the Spanish vessel which was captured by natives off the Riff coast, and who, it is believed, were taken into the interior to be sold into slavery, the Spanish LEWISTON, I. T., Sept. 19.—The federal commission, consisting of Gen. Benjamin Simpson. N. B. Humphrey and J. H. Shape, appointed to treat with the Cœur d'Alene Indians for the purchase of mineral and timber lands, and navigable waters, con-

fined within their reservation, has returned to Portland. Ore., having succeeded in their mission. Three weeks were spent in the examination of the reservation, the Indians having schools, fine farms, buildings and fences in as fertile and beautiful a section of country as one could wish. The Indians offered about half as much land as the commission wanted for \$2,000,-000. They claimed that the mineral land was very valuable, and one of them had some fine specimens of gold-bearing quartz from a ledge which he said he had traced for three miles. The Indians at last consented to sell 250,000 acres of the north end of their reservation for \$500,000, and an agreement to this effect was signed by the commissioners, General Saltez, the chief, the head men and adult males of the tribe to the number of 140.

FLY-CASTING CONTESTS.

Results of the First Tournament of the Crawfordsville Fly-Fishermen's Club.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal CRAWFORDSVILLE, Sept. 19. - The first tournament of the Crawfordsville Fly-fishermen's Club was held to-day on Sugar creek, at the foot of Washington street. The club was organized a year ago, and at present there are twenty-seven members, with R. C. Smith as president, Milo Ensminger vice-president, C. R. Snodgrass secretary and treasurer. The club gives \$25 to any person who causes the arrest of any violator of the fish law. The judges for this contest were Hon. W. T. Dennis, Indiana Fish Commissioner; Dick Moore, of Terre Haute, and Dr. W. T. Gott. The following were the winners of the prizes

First Prize-Split-bamboo rod, worth \$10; won by M. D. Butler, of Indianapolis; given by the Second Prize—Red Seal fly-books and flies, worth \$10; won by C. Snodgrass; given by Charles Mayer & Co., of Indianapolis.

Third Prize—Greenheart fly-rod, worth \$5; won by R. C. Smith; given by A. G. Spalding &

Co., of Chicago.

Fourth Prize-Creel and a dozen flies, worth \$5; won by Judge Davidson; given by Nye & Co.,

Fifth Prize-Automatic reel, worth \$2.50; won by General George F. McGinnis, of Indianapolis; given by Robinson & Wallace, of this city.

Sixth Prize—A year's subscription to the American Angler, worth \$3; won by Jere West.

Seventh Prize—Landing net, worth \$3; won by Marshall Nye; given by R. C. Smith, city.

First Consolation—Lancewood bass-rod, worth \$7; won by Tom Robinson, given by Kipp Bros., of Indianapolis.

Second Consolation—Lancewood rod, worth \$5; won by A. S. Miller; given by Ross Bros., city. Third Consolation—Fish-basket, worth \$3; won by Fred Brown; given by Kipp Bros., of Indian-Fourth Consolation-Braided silk line, worth \$1; won by Miles Ensminger; given by treasurer

Following is the score for length of cast: Mahlon D. Butler, of Indianapolis.....62 feet Chauncey Snodgrass, of Crawfordsville.59 feet Judge J. F. Davidson, of Crawfordsville.5612 feet Albert Miller, of Crawfordsville......41 Fred Brown, of Crawfordsville..........35

CLEVELAND AND THE TARIFF.

He Thinks Free Trade Will Triumph Despite Timid Souls Who Long for Flesh-Pots.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19 .- A reporter to-day asked ex-President Cleveland for his opinion on the action of several recent Democratic State conventions in approving the tariff-reform plank of the last national Democratic convention. Mr. Cleveland expressed himself as much pleased with these evidences that the attitude of the Democratic party on this question was still courageous, consistent and aggressive. He thought that the careful examination of the tariff question by the people was bear-ing good fruit, and that all indications pointed to the triumph of the Democratic party's view of the subject. He added: If among those counted as Democrats there are found timid souls not well grounded in the faith, who long for the flesh-pots of vacillating shifts and evasions, the answer to their fears should be 'party honesty is party expediency.'

FATALITIES AT A FIRE.

Desiccating Works Burned at Kansas City, Kan., and Several Persons Hurt. KANSAS CITY, Sept. 19 .- Fire broke out in the second story of the Kansas City Desiccating and Refining works at Kansas City, Kan., this evening, and spread with great rapidity. The local fire department was on the scene early, but the fire soon got beyond their control, and assistance was summoned from Kansas City, Mo. When the aid arrived nothing could be done but to prevent the spread of the fire to adjoining buildings. The efforts of the firemen in this direction were successful. The desiccating works were entirely destroyed. The loss is placed at \$75,000, insured in twenty-four companies for \$44,000. The company was a corporation, and the stock was owned by Boston and Kansas City capitalists, Charles Francis Adams being president of

the company, and C. F. Morse, of Kansas During the progress of the fire Joe Estenberger, an employe, jumped with a butcher knife in his hand from the second story. In some way the knife severed the arteries in his wrist, and the wounds and other injuries that he sustained is expected to result fatally. John Galpen jumped from the roof and sustained fatal injuries. During the most exciting time of the fire, when chief Hale, of Kansas City, Mo., was directing his men from the roof of the engine-house, some one carelessly removed the ladder by which he had ascended, and when the roof of the engine-house gave evidence of its being about to fall in he could not descend. Finally he was forced to take to the hose. He had slid down about half way when the flames from above melted it and he fell to the ground, a distance of about fifteen feet. He was but slightly injured. Chief Hill, of the Kansas City, Kan., department, was thrown from his horse upon the curb and badly bruised. His injuries are not fatal.

Cranberries Destroyed. Berlin, Wis., Sept. 19.—Carey Bros.' warehouse and 2,500 bushels of cranberries were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss. \$8,000; insurance, \$5,000.

Steamship Arrivals. NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Arrived: The Queen and Germanic, from Liverpool; Belgenland, from Antwerp.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 19.—The steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II, from New York, for Bremen, passed Scilly this morning. Arrived: Aller, from New York, for Bremen. LONDON. Sept. 19. - The from Boston for Liver-passed Kinsale to-day. The City of Chicago, from New York, for Liverpool, passed Browhead, at 4 P. M., to-day. Sighted: Adriatic and Gallia, from New York, for Liverpool. Arrived: Gothia,

from Baltimore. Bloodhounds Put Upon His Track. ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 19.—At 6 o'clock yes-terday morning, a negro appeared in Mr. Frambrough's yard in Rutledge. He was a suspicious character, and was ordered to leave. Instead of leaving the negro began to dispute, and at the same time drew a pistol and fired. The ball took effect in Mr. Frambrough's abdomen, and resulted in his death before a doctor could arrive. The negro fled, but every effort to catch him is being made. Bloodhounds have been tele-

Close of the Charity Conference. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—The care and aid of feeble-minded children was the topic for discussion at the session of the National Conference of Charities yesterday. Papers were presented by Henry M. Decheat, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. C. Brown, of Barre, Mass. General discussion of the subject followed. The closing exercises of the conference were held this evening.

THREE AMERICAS CONGRESS

Mistaken Notions of Many People Concerning the Object of the Gathering.

One Man Wants His Governor to Name Delegates, While Others Confound It with the World's Fair, and Ask for Show Space.

Report of the Land Office, Showing How the Public Domain Has Decreased.

Attention Called to Irregular Action of the Last Administration-Corporal Tanner Will Not Go to Ohio to Speak.

MISTAKEN NOTIONS.

Queer Ideas of People Regarding the Coming International American Congress.

special to the Indianapolis Journal Washingtion, Sept. 19 .- There is a curious misapprehension in certain quarters regarding the International American Congress, and the State Department is receiving a great many letters inquiring as to the number of delegates the different States are entitled to, and as to the compensation they will receive. Notification has also been received from several States that persons have been appointed by the Governors as delegates, and the same write to ask when their duties will commence, and what they will consist of. Among other communications was the following, received to-day by the Secretary of State:

CHICAGO, Sept. 16. Sir-I have been named with others by the ex-United States to wait upon the Governor of Illinois to request him to recognize our manufacturing interests in naming delegates to the conference of representatives from the South American republics, to be held in the city of Washington, in October, 1889, with a view of arranging for a congress to be held in 1892 to prompte and encourage closer commercial relations between the South American republics and this country in pursuance with an act of Congress etc. in pursuance with an act of Congress, etc. We are informed that Governor Fifer has not yet been officially requested by the Department of State to appoint any delegates to said conference. If it is the spirit of the act of Congress to have every State in the Union represented in said conference, aside from the ten delegates appointed by the President, I would respectfully suggest that the Governor of Illinois be authorized and requested through the proper be authorized and requested, through the proper channel, to appoint delegates to said conference.

Please pardon me for addressing you upon this subject. The deep interest that I take in this matter must be my only excuse for making this

There will be no delegates to the congress. It is a diplomatic body, and the act of Congress authorizes its limit—the representation on the part of the United States to the ten appointed by the President for the country at large.

A good many people seem to have got the conference which meets in October mixed up with the exposition that is to be neld in 1892. One gentleman writes to the State Department asking that space be reserved for him to start a candy factory at the International American Congress, and another gentleman desired to know whether he and his wife could accompany the delegates upon their excursion. He said that he intended to travel in South America shortly, and wants to make the acquaintance of the delegates and get some practice in talking Spanish by associating with them. He thought it would be a good time to do so while on the excursion. Several applications have also been received from business houses for tickets for the use of drummers on the train, the writers apparently thinking that the excursion would consist entirely of merchants who had come to this country to purchase goods. Among the curious requests comes one from St. Louis from a gentleman who desires to make the opening address at the Congress. As all of these letters are answered in a respectful manner he was informed that Mr. Blaine had been selected for that duty. The Department of State has leased one of the handsomest residences in the city for the use of the Congress. It is, perhaps, the largest private house, with one excep-tion, in Washington, has a ball-room which will be used for the meeting of the Congress, and spacious parlors, which will be utilized as consultation rooms, and where the delegates can make themselves at home. The upper rooms will be used for the secretaries and stenographers.

THE PUBLIC DOMAIN. Points from the Annual Report of the General Land Office Commissioner.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 .- The annual report of the acting Commissioner of the General Land Office, M. M. Stone, has been submitted to the Secretary of the Interior. In opening his report the Commissioner refers to the accumulation of business which had been left over from the former administration, and which was partly due to the increase in work of the local land offices. The system in force he says was not promotive of speedy dispatch of business, and especially in case of the board of review created by Commissioner Sparks, which was abolished as a hindrance to the good, safe and quick work in the office. Commenting on Mr. Sparks's unfortunate and unwarranted suspicions that a widespread system of fraud prevailed, and Mr. Sparks's assertion that "the proportion of fraudulent filings to the total number of filings made and relinquished may be estimated in round numbers at 100 per cent..." Mr. Stone says: "This wholesale arraignment of claimants on the public domain should not have been made without the most conclusive evidence to sustain it." The report clusive evidence to sustain it." The report goes on to say no general misconduct on the part of the Western settlers has been

During the year 70,141 agricultural patents were issued, covering 11,091.119 acres of land, an increase over the preceding year of more than 3,000,000 acres. Mineral patents to the number of 913, covering an acreage of 17,096, were issued. There were patented for the benefit of railroads, under the law, 425,046 acres, and under the swamp-land grants to the States 259,721 acres. The States' sections under the educational grants were approved to the ex-tent of 132,350 acres, and lands to the Indians, patented under various acts, the amount of 159,690 acres. The total cash receipts of the office from the sales of land and fees were \$9,270,225, a decrease of more than \$3,000,000, as compared with the previous year. During the year surveys were accepted to the amount of 4,544,372 acres, principally in Dakota, Montana and New Mexico. Commissioner Stone calls attention "to certain allowances made to the deputy surveyor by the First Comptroller of the Treasury in the years of 1886 and 1887, which, in

my opinion, were grossly irregular and pal-pable, and a usurpation of power and duties specially belonging to the Commissioner of he General Land Office." The report refers to the unsettled condition of the private land claims in New Mexico and Arizona, and the urgent need of congressional action to settle the claims

in these Territories. Referring to the act of March 3, 1887, which authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to adjust each of the railroad grants, and if any have been erroneously certified or patented to commence proceedings to cancel them, the reports states that of the pending selections, 21,660,846 acres have been suspended, awaiting action by Con-

Attention is called to the fact that more than 80,000,000 acres of land have been claimed under the swamp-land act in various States, Florida alone, while having a total area of but 37,981,520 acres, having lists filed for 22,221,469 acres as swamp land. "There can be no doubt," says the report, "that large quantities of land, amounting to millions of acres, have been patented to the State erroneously as swamp, when, in fact, they were, and are, good agricultural lands."

The work of examining the ex parte min eral entries is said to be two-and-a-halt